

DAILY EXAM SOCIAL - 2 KEY 23-04-2020

1. V.P.Singh, Chandra Shekar, H.D.Deva Gowda, I.K.Gujral.
2. Janata party
3. President's rule over a state
4. Mr. N.Sanjeeva Reddy
5. Kg 2/- Rice introduced – NTR
6. DMK
7. SAD
8. End of emergency, Formation of TDP, Operation Blue Star, Ram Ram Janma Bhoomi Ratha Yatra.
9. UPA
10. SAD - Shiromani Akali Dal
11. USSR
12. 1962 (Indo - China War)
13. Kargil War - 1999
14. Geneva
15. Mikhail Gorbachev
16. Harry Truman
17. USA and USSR
18. i-c, ii-a, iii-d, iv-b
19. Communism
20. Palestine
21. i) Bengali Speaking people
ii) Migration from across the border from Bangladesh
22. In a coalition government, the government very often cannot take any policy decisions or it is delayed as all the parties in the coalition have to approve the decision it is called policy paralysis.
23. Rajiv Gandhi initiated what is called the "telecom revolution in India which speeded up and spread the network of telephone communication in the country using satellite technology.
24. AASU : All Assom Students Union.
The main demands were that the local people should be given greater preference in employment, the "outsiders" should be removed and the resources should be used for the benefit of the locals.
25. Ethnic cleansing is the systematic forced removal of ethnic, racial and religious groups from a given territory by a more powerful ethnic group, often with the intention of making it ethnically homogeneous.
26. The V.P.Sing government implemented the Mandal Commission report which provided 27% reservations to the Other Backward Castes in education and employment.
27. it provides constitutional status to local self government at village level.
28. DMK – Dravida Munnetra Kazagam.
LTTE – Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam.
AGP – Assom Gana Parishad.
SAD – Shiromani Akali Dal.
29. VETO power refer to the power of the five permanent members of the UN security council to veto any substantive resolution. Passed by the security council.
30. A movement had developed among the Jews called the "Zionist Movement" Which called for uniting Jews Spread across the world and to reclaim Palestine as the homeland and build a separate state of Jews.

31. A war which was not actually fought between USA and USSR that part between the countries which supported these two blocks.
32. Egyptian president Gamal Abdel Nasser was a strong supporter of the Palestinian cause and he favored self determination for the Palestinians. He made an effort to unite the Arabs.
33. Look East policy : It is an effort made by our India to booster to cultivate extensive economic and strategic relations with the nations of South East Asia to bolster its standing as a regional power and a counter weight to the strategic influence of the people's Republic of China.
34. Supporters of Mujib - Ur Rahman organised a liberation struggle in the form of Mukti Bahini.
35. SEATO – South East Asian Treaty organisation
CENTO – Central Treaty Organisation
NATO – North Atlantic Treaty Organisation
NAM – Non Aligned Movement.

MATHS - 1 KEY

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|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. ar^{n-2} | 2. a_n | 3. -2 | 4. 3 |
| 5. 1 | 6. G.P | 7. $\frac{3}{1024}$ | 8. 4 |
| 9. G.P | 10. $4x$ | 11. -27 | 12. $\frac{-1}{2}$ |
| 13. 1 | 14. n^2 | 15. $\frac{c}{b}$ | 16. 36 |
| 17. Geometric | 18. $\frac{170}{9}$ | 19. -5,-7,-9 | 20. G.P |
| 21. 3,4,5,6,7,8,9, | | 22. 30 | 23. 2 |
| 24. 2 | 25. $r = \frac{2}{3}$ | 26. $\frac{-11}{4}$ | 27. 10 |
| 28. No, because common difference is not same | | | 29. 5,050 |
| 30. No term | 31. a_7 or 7^{th} term | 32. G.P | 33. 367.5 |
| 34. $p = 4$ | 35. $\frac{n-1}{2}$ | | |